**Draft General Recommendation No.36: Preventing and Combating Racial Profiling**

The State of Palestine appreciates the efforts of the Committee of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (CERD) in drafting a General Recommendation to provide guidance on preventing and combating racial profiling in order to assist State parties in discharging their obligations. Following discussion with the team, the State of Palestine would like to add:

1. Racial profiling within the context of racial segregation, apartheid, and foreign occupations

While the State of Palestine recognizes that racial segregation, apartheid, and foreign occupations are inherently discriminatory and violate the basic tenants of human rights and the provisions of CERD, some sets of recommendations must be concocted in order to regulate the use of force especially in context of prolonged occupation with no political solutions in sight.

1. Racial profiling targeting indigenous and native people

The State of Palestine recognizes that indigenous communities and native populations are the most affected of racial profiling by law enforcement. As such, incorporating the rights of indigenous and native peoples and ensure their protection against racial profiling is highly important.

1. Racial profiling targeting foreigner visitors and refugees

The State of Palestine also believes that racial profiling against foreign visitors and refugees has been prevalent leading causing pernicious effects on the mundane lives of individuals and their families.

The State of Palestine would like to reaffirm that a General Recommendation on ethnic cleansing and the work of the Committee to strengthen and protect people from any forms of racial discrimination, including ethnic cleansing, is not just timely but highly relevant to the practices and laws that target marginalized communities.

The end