## Online regional consultations with people with disabilities and their representative organizations **in** [**Asia Pacific**](#Annex1):

## “From isolation, invisibility and segregation into inclusion of people with disabilities in the community. Identifying and overcoming barriers to the successful process of deinstitutionalization”

#### [Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities](https://www.ohchr.org/EN/HRBodies/CRPD/Pages/CRPDIndex.aspx)

#### Informative note

In 2021, the members of the [Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities](https://www.ohchr.org/EN/HRBodies/CRPD/Pages/CRPDIndex.aspx) (the Committee) are organizing a series of online regional consultations with people with disabilities, through their representative organizations. This note is about the consultation for countries [in Asia Pacific](#Annex1), or regional consultation for Asia Pacific.

1. What is the Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities?

The Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities is a treaty body of the United Nations. It is established by the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. It is a group of 18 experts from different countries and all continents of the world, whose task is to monitor or check how the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (the Convention) is being used in countries.

2. What is institutionalization?

For many years people with disabilities had no choice and control over their lives. Other people thought people with disabilities were not able to live independently in a place they chose. Other people thought that people with disabilities needed medical treatment in organizations or institutions to correct or cure diseases and physical or intellectual impairments. So countries spent money on special services away from other people, instead of support to live in the community. Many people with disabilities still have to live with their families or in big services away from home. When this happens, they depend on other people and have little freedom. This can be institutions but it can also be any other place, for example special schools, hospitals, group homes, in the family home, psychiatric facilities, residential care facilities, prisons, etc.

Human rights law and the Convention say that everyone with a disability has the right to live independently and be included in the community. This should happen whoever people are and wherever they live. It gives them freedom, choice and control over decisions that affect their lives. As stated in the general principles in Article 3 (A and C) of the Convention, respect for the individual’s inherent dignity, autonomy and independence; and the full and effective participation and inclusion in society, are fundamental aspects of the right to live independently and be included in the community. The Committee wrote a document called General Comment to explain what i[ndependent living and being included in the community](file:///C:/Users/fuentes/AppData/Local/Microsoft/Windows/INetCache/Content.Outlook/YI4CFVN8/General%20comment%20No.%205%20(2017)%20on%20living%20independently%20and%20being%20included%20in%20the%20community%20and%20its%20Guidelines%20on%20liberty%20and%20security%20of%20the%20person%20(2015)) means. The Committee said: "Social exclusion also engenders stigma, segregation and discrimination, which can lead to violence, exploitation and abuse in addition to negative stereotypes that feed into a cycle of marginalization of persons with disabilities."

3. What is a consultation?

A consultation is a way for people to share their experiences and ideas on a topic. The topic of this consultation is the right to independent living and being included in the community, recognised in [article 19](https://www.ohchr.org/EN/HRBodies/CRPD/Pages/ConventionRightsPersonsWithDisabilities.aspx#19) of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.

4. When is this consultation?

* The regional consultation for Asia Pacific will take place on **Wednesday 12 May 2021, at 2 p.m. Sydney time:**
* Your country may be in a different time zone. Please check what the time of the meeting is in the local time where you are.

5. Why this consultation?

The COVID-19 pandemic and the measures that countries took to stop the spread put many people with disabilities at risk of:

- losing their income;

-losing their social protection benefits, such as disability payments and health insurance;

-being forced into institutions;

-being isolated.

The situation is worse for some groups of people with disabilities, including:

- those who face multiple discrimination;

-those who are still in institutions;

-people with intellectual disabilities;

- people with psychosocial disabilities;

-children;

-older people;

-women.

6. What is the purpose of this consultation?

The COVID-19 pandemic has made things worse. There are greater inequalities. The consultation is a chance for people with disabilities to share their opinions and ideas on how to change the situation. People with disabilities can share their experiences and ideas on how to handle the current situation and the risks people with disabilities face. It is also a chance to share good practices from their region so that people with disabilities can be included in the community.

The Committee will use the information from the consultation to prepare a document called draft Guidelines on Deinstitutionalization, including in emergencies. The document will have suggestions for countries to put the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities into practice, especially [the right to living independently and being included in the community (article 19)](https://www.ohchr.org/EN/HRBodies/CRPD/Pages/ConventionRightsPersonsWithDisabilities.aspx#19), the Committee’s [General comment No. 5 (2017) on living independently and being included in the community](https://tbinternet.ohchr.org/_layouts/15/treatybodyexternal/Download.aspx?symbolno=CRPD/C/GC/5&Lang=en) and its [Guidelines on liberty and security of the person (2015)](https://tbinternet.ohchr.org/_layouts/15/treatybodyexternal/Download.aspx?symbolno=A/72/55&Lang=en).

7. Who is this consultation for?

* The Committee wants to hear from people with disabilities from the countries in the list in [**annex 1**](#Annex1) at the end of this note. We want to hear from:

7.1. People with disabilities and organizations of people with disabilities. This includes organizations of children and young people with disabilities, self-advocacy organizations, organizations of autistic people, organizations of people with intellectual disabilities, organizations of people with psychosocial disabilities, and organizations of women with disabilities. These speakers have up to 4 minutes each to make their presentations.

7.2. Local, national, regional or international groups of organizations of people with disabilities (coalition). Every coalition will have up to 6 minutes to make its presentation. Every coalition can request that one speaker or two take the floor making a presentation but they should not go beyond the 6 minutes in total.

7.3. People with disabilities participating with a representative from parents’ organizations. The two people may speak for a total of 3 minutes. If an organization of parents cannot encourage people with disabilities to speak, the organization can participate as an observer.

7.4. Organizations of civil society, national human rights institutions or independent monitoring mechanisms specifically working to end institutionalization or promoting independently living. These speakers will have up to 2 minutes to make a presentations.

7.5. Observers: other interested organizations may observe only but do not deliver an oral speech or presentation.

You can also share your ideas with the Committee in other ways. Please check part Number 10 of this note.

8. How I can register?

8.1 Please send an email to [hfuentes@ohchr.org](mailto:hfuentes@ohchr.org) Write *Regional consultation Asia Pacific* in the subject of the email.

8.2 In your email, tell us:

1. The full name of the person from your organization that will speak at the consultation;
2. The name of your organization;
3. The country where the organization is from or where it works.

**Attach to the email the statement you want to say** during the consultation. Please only send documents in Word format. Your statement has to be **520 words or less (double-spaced, 12 font**). Your statements should be **in English.**

8.3 You have to register and send your statements by **30 April 2021**.

8.4 What happens after I register?

* The consultation is only for people that register and receive an invitation to speak. Information that is shared during the consultations will be kept confidential. The consultation is only 120 minutes. Please understand that it is difficult to give all people time to speak. After you register, the Committee will make a list of speakers. To make the list, it will check if you or your organization:
* Sent a written statement;
* Are a person with disabilities or are a member of an organization of people with disabilities;
* Work specifically to end institutionalization or promote independent living;
* The Committee also wants to hear ideas from people from different countries
* We will send you an email to confirm that you will speak during the regional consultation;
* You will also receive a link to join the Zoom online platform on 12 May 2021;
* You will receive the list of speakers with the order of speakers.

You can also share your ideas with the Committee in other ways. Please check part Number 10 of this note.

9. What topics will the consultations cover?

Speakers can give ideas about the way forward to put in practice independent living and being part of the community, in a place freely chosen.

9.1 Here are some suggested questions on the topics we would like to cover. These questions can help you to write and make statements in the consultations:

(a) How are people with disabilities isolated, marginalized, excluded, segregated or institutionalized in the Asia Pacific region? How can these practices end?

(b) How can we prevent people with disabilities from being isolated and institutionalized, particularly during the pandemic?

(c) How can countries make sure that social security systems give individual support to prevent isolation, marginalization, segregation and institutionalization, especially in emergencies?

(d) How do we make sure that people with disabilities do not lose their independence with living arrangements, and their control over the use of services and supports, including during emergencies such as the current pandemic?

(e) How can we make sure that people with disabilities are not forced to go or to return to institutions? These include all places where people with disabilities are isolated such as group homes, special schools, colonies for persons affected by leprosy, all mental health settings, religious or faith healing settings, and criminal forensic detention.

(f) How should people with disabilities be supported throughout the deinstitutionalization process to make decisions and to communicate?

(g) How can we end all forms of institutionalization in legislation (like laws) and in communities? This include all places where people with disabilities are isolated such as group homes, special schools, colonies for persons affected by leprosy, all mental health settings, religious or faith healing settings, and criminal forensic detention.

(h) What needs to happen to eliminate discrimination in law and practice, so everyone can enjoy their right to live independently? How do we make sure that the rights of specific groups are protected from discrimination, isolation, confinement, segregation, institutionalization, re-institutionalization, and coercion? Specific groups such as:

children;

young persons;

older persons;

people requiring high levels of support;

women with disabilities;

people with intellectual disabilities;

people with psychosocial disabilities;

people with disabilities belonging to indigenous or minority communities.

(i) What support do you and members of the group you represent need now, and in the long-term an in times of crisis support?

(j) How can people with disabilities who have been institutionalized be compensated?

(k) What should be available for persons who have been institutionalized to remedy, or repair the harms they have suffered? These harms include arbitrary detention, torture, ill or degrading treatment or other forms of coercion in connection with institutionalization.

(l) What are the roles of the different groups such as families, organizations and human rights groups in supporting people with disabilities when moving from institutions into living independently and being included in the community?

(m) Could you tell us any good practices or experiences from your country or region, in relation to any of these topics or questions?

(n) Could you mention any good practices or experiences to consult and involve people with disabilities through their representative organizations related to any of the topics or questions mentioned?

10. How will the online regional consultation happen?

The consultation will be online. We will meet through Zoom.

The consultation will last 120 minutes. We will hear from different speakers in the region who will share their experiences and ideas.

Speakers are invited to share ideas on the way forward to end institutionalization, isolation, segregation, and marginalization of people with disabilities.

- Members of the Committee will act as moderators of the consultation. Other members of the Committee will speak throughout the consultation.

Each speaker from organizations of people with disabilities will have 4 minutes to speak.

Speakers who represent local, national, regional or international groups of organizations of people with disabilities (coalition) will have up to 6 minutes.

People with disabilities participating together with a representative from organizations of parents of people with disabilities will have 3 minutes total.

If there is enough time, organizations of civil society, national human rights institutions or independent monitoring mechanisms specifically working to end institutionalization or promoting independently living will have 2 minutes.

The consultation will be in English.

* Please activate the Captioning function in Zoom for captioning in English.
* International Sign will be provided.

11. Are there other ways to give information to the Committee:

If you cannot participate online, you can send information about **one or more of the topics and questions** **in** **subheading Number 8.1 of this note** in the following ways:

You can use [WeTransfer](https://wetransfer.com/) to send to [hfuentes@ohchr.org](mailto:hfuentes@ohchr.org) either:

(a) A written statement. The statement should be 520 words or less (double-spaced, 12 font); or

(b) A video message of up to 4 minutes; or

(c) A voice recording of up to 4 minutes.

\* This informative note has been prepared by the Committee’s Working Group on Deinstitutionalization. The International Disability Alliance, the European Network for Independent Living, Inclusion International, Validity Foundation and other civil society organizations also contributed.

**ANNEX 1 List of countries in the Asia-Pacific region:**

Afghanistan

Australia

Bangladesh

Bhutan

Brunei Darussalam

Cambodia

China

the Cook Islands

the Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Federated States of Micronesia

Fiji

India

Indonesia

Islamic Republic of Iran

Japan

Kiribati

Laos

Malaysia

Maldives

Mongolia

Myanmar

Nauru

Nepal

New Zealand

Niue

Pakistan

Palau

Papua New Guinea

Philippines

Republic of Korea

the Republic of the Marshall Islands

Samoa

Singapore

Solomon Islands

Sri Lanka

Thailand

Timor-Leste

Tonga

Tuvalu

Vanuatu

Vietnam

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