1210 Genève 10
Palais des Nations
Bureau du Haut Commissariat aux Droits de l'Homme

GENÈVE, le 2 avril 2014.

Droits de l'Homme et assurons de ses drapeaux considération,

Cette occasion pour renouveler au Bureau du Haut Commissariat aux Nations Unies et des Affaires Organisées Internationales à Genève saisir

La Mission Permanente du Liban auprès de l'Office des Nations Unies et des Affaires Organisées Internationales à Genève

Initiatives «Droits de l'Homme et mesures de coordination multilatérales».

informations relatives à la résolution de l'Assemblée Générale
Commission des Nations Unies et des Affaires Organisées Internationales à Genève
La Mission Permanente du Liban auprès de l'Office des Nations Unies

N/Ref. 15/1/4/15-71/2014.

1299 Genève
Rue de la Paix, 87
L'Office des Nations Unies
À Genève
MISSION PERMANENTE DU LIBAN
Several groups will be affected by UCM.

measures and in what way?

Examples of particular groups most affected by unilateral coercion measures in targeted States can you give

What specific aspects of human rights are affected by

freedom of thought, conscience and religion

right to life, adequate standard of living, right to development

citizens in targeted States. Among so many, those rights would be:

In addition to the illegality, UCM have an impact on human rights of

I. 14.16; 1973(2011) of I.J. 03.2011, passes 4, 8, 15,


passes 10-13;


The UN Charter (Art 2(4), Art 2(7), Art 2(11))

International Law, especially they are considered a breach of

Unilateral coercive measures are illegal. They are illegal under

What way? If no, why?

impact on human rights of citizens in targeted States. If yes, in

Do you consider that unilateral coercive measures (UCM) have an
3. Are current human rights and mechanisms effective in addressing the negative impacts of unilateral coercive measures on human rights in targeted States?

- The social and economic impact of the unilateral measures on the targeted States would be:

- The protection of UNHRC and all the economic and social repercussions.

- Certain UN (laws or admission) violate the right of freedom of movement.

- Young people still face housing problems. UNHRC will cause a decrease in the national economy, a decrease in the individual income, purchasing power (or even rent), and because of an exhausting lack and interference the establishment of a family shall not be less difficult.
4. What specific human rights mechanisms can be used to assess the negative impact of unilateral coercive measures on the enjoyment of human rights in targeted States or in any other third State, and to promote accountability?

Then most efficient specific human rights mechanism that can be used to assess the negative impact of UCM would be an international tribunal of human rights for inter-State disputes.

5. Can you provide specific examples of the impact of unilateral coercive measures on human rights in your country, if any?

Lebanon is not a subject of UCM. However several individuals and organizations are subjects of those measures. The main impact of the measures on the human rights of those individuals would most aptly be described as the following: When targeted sanctions are applied for alleged crimes, no investigation, court hearing take place. This constitutes a violation of the right to a fair trial, to a fair hearing, to protection by law, procedural guarantees.