

---

# Advance unedited version

Distr.: General  
2 November 2018

Original: English

---

**Human Rights Council**  
**Working Group on the Universal Periodic Review**  
**Thirty-first session**  
5-16 November 2018

## Summary of stakeholders' submissions on China\*

### Report of the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights

#### Corrigendum

**1. Paragraph 1, second sentence**

*For 122 stakeholders' submissions read 126 stakeholders' submissions*

**2. Paragraph 5**

At the end of the paragraph, before endnote 10, *insert*

According to Xiaowaves, the social credit system announced in 2014, aims to rate and rank every citizen with a score. The score includes participation in "cults", domestic violence, failure to support family, petitioning, "harassment" of governmental bodies, online slandering, and breaches of the one child policy. People are punished without being notified and without due process, and without mechanisms of appeal.

**3. Paragraph 65**

After the third sentence, *insert*

Tibetan Centre for Human Rights and Democracy highlighted that arbitrary detention and torture were used as common punishments for political dissent and government criticism.

**4. Paragraph 67**

After the second sentence, *insert*

Uyghur Human Rights Project noted that the arbitrary detentions and the extensive use of surveillance technologies on Uyghurs violated their basic rights.

**5. Page 9**

After paragraph 67, insert a new paragraph *reading*

JS40 noted the 'Ecological Migration' policy, 'Livestock Grazing Ban', 'Western Development Policy' and the 'One Belt, One Road' initiative, which all have the goal of drastically reducing the millennia-old nomadic civilisation within China's borders. These policies banned livestock grazing and enforced the relocation of nomadic peoples to more

---

\* The present document was not edited before being sent to United Nations translation services.

urban and developed areas, detrimental to the livelihoods and the traditions and cultures of minorities, such as the Mongols.

**6. Paragraph 81**

The first sentence *should read*

JS9 stated that there was no comprehensive support for persons with disabilities to live in the community, and that they had been sent to hospitals or arrested without proper investigation.

**7. Endnote 1**

After the first sentence, *insert*

See also [www.ohchr.org/EN/HRBodies/UPR/Pages/UPRCNSTakeholdersInfoS31.aspx](http://www.ohchr.org/EN/HRBodies/UPR/Pages/UPRCNSTakeholdersInfoS31.aspx).

After UHRMV The Committee to Monitor Violations of the Universal Human Rights, Sapporo City Hokkaido (Japan); *insert*

UHRP Uyghur Human Rights Project, Washington DC (United States of America);

After WBO World Barua Organization, Geneva (Switzerland); *insert*

WUC World Uyghur Congress, Munich (Germany);

After TAG-NY Treatment Action Group, New York (United States of America); *insert*

TCHRD Tibetan Centre for Human Rights and Democracy, Dharamsala (India);

In JS9, for the existing list of organizations, *substitute*

**Joint submission 9 submitted by:** Hong Kong UPR Coalition (HKUPR Coalition) including, AIDS Concern 關懷愛滋; Asia Pacific Refugee Rights Network; Association Concerning Sexual Violence Against Women 關注婦女性暴力協會; Association for Transgender Rights 跨性別權益會; Beyond the Boundary-Knowing and Concerns Intersex 藩籬以外-認識及關愛雙性人; Chosen Power (People First Hong Kong) 卓新力量; Civil Human Rights Front 民間人權陣線; Disabilities CV 殘疾資歷生活館; Dompert Dhuafa Hong Kong; Gay Harmony 大同Gay Harmony; Health In Action 醫護行者; HELP for Domestic Workers 家傭匡扶中心; Hong Kong Coalition for Rights of Persons with Disabilities 香港殘疾人權利聯盟; Hong Kong Association of Woman Social Workers 香港女社工協會; Hong Kong Committee on Children's Rights 香港兒童權利委員會; Hong Kong Deaf Empowerment 聾人力量; Hong Kong Federation of Asian Domestic Workers Unions 香港亞洲家務工工會聯會; Hong Kong Green Drinks; Hong Kong Islamic Youth Association 香港伊斯蘭青年協會; Hong Kong Journalists Association 香港記者協會; Hong Kong Unison 香港融樂會; Hong Kong Watch; International Domestic Workers Federation 國際家庭傭工聯盟; Justice Centre Hong Kong; Keyboard Frontline 鍵盤戰線; Les Corner Empowerment Association 女角平權協作組; Liberty Asia; Living Islands Movement 島嶼活力行動; Living Seas Hong Kong 勃勃海洋; Made in Gender 性別製造; Network for Women in Politics 婦女參政網絡; Open Data Hong Kong 香港開放數據; PEN Hong Kong 香港筆會; Pink Alliance 粉紅同盟; Planet Ally; Playright Children's Play Association 智樂兒童遊樂協會; Pride Lab; Progressive Lawyers Group 法政匯思; Rainbow Action 彩虹行動; The Foreign Correspondents' Club, Hong Kong 香港外國記者會; The Green Earth 綠惜地球; The Hong Kong Society for Asylum-Seekers and Refugees 香港尋求庇護者及難民協會; The Nesbitt Centre 思拔中心; The Zubin Foundation 小彬紀念基金會; Transgender Resource Center 跨性別資源中心.

At the end of the endnote, *insert*

JS40 **Joint submission 40 submitted by:** Southern Mongolian Human Rights Information Centre (SMHRIC); and Unrepresented Nations and Peoples Organization (UNPO).

**8. Page 17, endnote 4**

At the end of the endnote, *insert* TCHRD, p. 9; UHRP, para. 18.

**9. Page 17, endnote 6**

At the end of the endnote, *insert* See also UHRP, para. 18.

**10. Page 17, endnote 22**

At the end of the endnote, *insert* See also WUC, para. 43.

**11. Page 18, endnote 28**

At the end of the endnote, *insert* See also WUC, paras. 16-18.

**12. Page 19, endnote 113**

At the end of the endnote, *insert* See also TCHRD, paras. 4, 10, 16, 23, 31 and 34.

**13. Page 19, endnote 117**

For the existing text, *substitute* UHRP, para. 1

**14. Page 19, endnote 119**

For the existing text, *substitute* JS40, para. 9.

---