THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT OF SOMALIA

Ministry of Women and Human Rights Development

2015 - 2016
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1. Introduction

The Human Rights Roadmap (HRRM) for Somalia was adopted by the FG in August 2013. It consists of seventeen human rights issues and lays out broadly some proposals to address them. The Somali Compact 2013 acknowledges that targeted promotion and protection of human rights should be undertaken in line with the post transition HRRM\(^1\). The roadmap refers to most of the issues that the Somali "New Deal" Compact aims to address, in line with its peace and state building goals (PSGs). A coordinated approach to implement the road map recognizing the FGS priorities and the work of the development partners is critical. In November 2014, the Ministry of Women and Human Rights Development convened a five day Consultative Workshop under the theme; "**Developing a Plan of Action for the implementation of the Post Transitions Human Rights Road Map for Somalia**" held in Mogadishu. A total of 50 participants from Mogadishu and the regions attended. During the workshop, participants generated input for the Action Plan on the roadmap, through working Groups. A representative from the Ministry of Planning, facilitated very useful sessions on how to link the thematic areas of the road map to the PSGs.

2. The Action Plan on the Road Map

The Action Plan on the HRRM identifies activities to be implemented in the next two years (2015-2016), in line with the proposals of the roadmap and the UPR recommendations clustered into six thematic areas. The proposed actions and recommendations are also consistent with the FGS priorities. The plan spells out the responsibilities of implementing the roadmap in terms of the lead Ministry, other participating ministries in the FGS, and other partners. It also recognizes existing action plans in other areas and tries to demonstrate the reciprocal links and potential reinforcements to those plans to the extent possible. The UN agencies and Programmes, as well as international partners will be consulted on the activities in support of the FG in order to coordinate efforts and align the roadmap to existing or ongoing programmes to achieve the PSGs.

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\(^1\)The Somali Compact makes reference to the establishment of the human rights commission and strengthening of existing protection mechanisms in line with the 2013-2015 post transition human rights roadmap.
2.1 Theme I: Access to justice, Constitutional and Legal Reforms linked to PSG - 3

This thematic area, contributes to priority one and two of PSG 3. The lead is the Ministry of Justice and Constitutional Affairs, while the Attorney General, Ministry of Women and Human Rights, Federal Parliament, and the Attorney General Office and the Judiciary contribute to it. The United Nations, especially UNDP and UNSOM under the UN Joint Rule of Law Programme supports the activities proposed in this area. The human rights review of draft legislations and laws, human rights training for the judiciary, activities towards development of a Legal Aid Policy compliant to human rights standards, establishment of Human Rights Desks in Prisons and Police, enactment of a law and establishment of the Human Rights Commission are the activities proposed under this thematic area.

2.2 Theme II: Protection of Civilians and compliance with IHL linked to PSG - 2

The lead ministry under this thematic area is the FGS Ministry of National Security and the focus is the Protection of civilians, Rights of disengaged fighters and persons associated with armed conflict. The Ministries of Defense and Justice have key roles. UNSOM ROLSIG, UNDP, International partners, AMISOM, support or contribute to activities under this thematic area. The expected output is the enhanced protection of civilians by security institutions, respecting and protecting human rights and reduced civilian casualties during operations, which contributes to PSG 2; priorities one, two and three. Proposed activities include development of a policy on Protection of Civilians, which can be monitored, conduct of human rights and IHL trainings for the security forces, establishment of a monitoring mechanism and engagement of the military to closely monitor and take action against human rights and IHL violations.

2.3 Theme III: Freedom of Expression and rights of Human Rights Defenders - PSG -1

This thematic area aims to achieve the expected output on enjoyment of media freedoms namely that; Media freedoms are enjoyed in Somalia responsibly, without undue restrictions in order to ensure free access to information. The Ministry of Information (MOI) leads in this area, while the Ministry of Justice and Interior and the Federal Parliament participate. The National Union of Somali Journalists (NUSOJ) is a key actor. On the side of international partners, the UNSOM (PIO and Human Rights) and the EU Human Rights Working Group, provide support towards attainment of the outputs. The activities proposed are consistent with PSG 1 under priorities one and three, although the compact priorities are not very specific on media freedoms. Activities proposed include; Finalization of the media

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2PSG 2-Priority 1: Strengthen the capacity and accountability of state security institutions to recover territory, stabilize and provide basic safety and security. Priority 2: Integrate security forces into federal institutions. Priority 3: Implement a national programme for the treatment and handling of disengaged combatants

3PSG1- Priority 1: Advance inclusive political dialogue to clarify and settle relations between the federal government and existing and emerging administrations and initiate processes of social reconciliation to restore trust between communities and Priority 3: To Prepare for and hold credible elections by 2016.
law and ensuring its compliance with human rights standards, Training for Journalists on professional media practice, fast racking a strategy on freedom of expression, capacity building for the MOI and consultative meetings between the FG and the regional administrations on freedom of expression.

2.4 Theme IV: The Human Rights of Children, Women and Gender Equality

This thematic area is led by the Ministry of Women and Human Rights Development. The Ministry of Labor and Social Development and that of Justice as well as Parliament plays a key role. The UN and international development partners such as UNFPA, UNDP, UNICEF, WHO, WFP, OCHA, UNSOM, AMISOM and the EU and bilateral partners support the government in a number of related areas. The output under this thematic area is that Children and Women are protected and empowered to enjoy their rights equally with men, which contributes to priority one of PSG -3; Key priority laws in the legal framework, including on the re-organization of the judiciary, are aligned with the Constitution and international standards; Priority two; Justice institutions start to address the key grievances and injustices of Somalis, PSG 4 - Priority two: Expand opportunities for youth employment through job creation and skills development. It also contributes to the priorities under the crosscutting issues on human rights and Gender. Activities under this thematic area are in line with the proposed activities under the National Action Plans; on ending the Maiming and killing of Children, ending recruitment and use of Children in armed hostilities, Action plan to end Sexual Gender Violence in conflict and others already developed by the ministry. The Action Plan therefore, makes reference to these plans and reinforces calls for implementation, including mobilization of resources. Capacity assessment and training for the Ministry of Women and Human Rights Development and strengthening of relevant structures will be a key activity under this thematic area. Activities to strengthen engagement of Somalia with human rights mechanisms are also included.

2.5 Theme V: Economic, Social Rights including Labor rights linked to PSG - 4/5

This thematic area is a broad one with sub themes on the rights to Education, Food, Labor, Health and Water, which feed into PSG 4 Priority one, PSG - 5 Priority one; on increasing the provision of equitable, accessible and affordable social services. The adoption of legislative, policy and institutional measures to ensure access to these services is a key output. The strategies proposed include; Development and review of policies, conduct of baselines and needs assessments and public awareness including on labour rights. The Ministry of Education leads on the right to education, Ministry of Health on the right to health, Ministry of Water and Energy on water and the Ministry of Agriculture on the right to food. The Ministry of Labor and Social development leads on implementation of aspects
linked to labor, but also has a role in all social services related Programmes among other ministries identified, in line with the Compact. UN agencies especially UNFPA, FAO, WHO, UNICEF, WFP, ILO, and UNSOM and other relevant NGOs support programmes under this thematic area.

2.6 Theme VI: Refugees, IDPs and Marginalized Groups including PWDs-linked to PSG - 2

The thematic area responds to the UPR recommendations on IDPs, Refugees and humanitarian assistance. It focuses on the rights associated with specific vulnerable groups; the durable solutions for IDPs, refugees and PWDs and other vulnerable groups. While the compact does not specify deliverables or strategies under this thematic area, priorities on services under PSG 5 and PSG 4, and the initiatives by FGS and other agencies such as UNHCR, both ongoing or in plan, will be considered in the Action Plan of the roadmap. The Ministry of Interior and Federalism leads in this thematic area, while the Ministry of National Security, Women and Human Rights Development, Ministry of Justice and Office of the Prime Minister will have supportive roles. Activities under this thematic area include dissemination of the existing policies including the IDP Policy, enactment of the Refugee and IDP law, the Disaster management bill, Initiating advocacy programmes on the rights of IDP women and girls, with a specific focus on domestic violence, initiating and implementing Social protection policies and programmes. With respect to the Persons with Disabilities (PWDs), advocacy for the ratification of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD), and formulation of a Policy for PWDs are the activities.
### THEMATIC AREA 1: Access to Justice, Constitutional and Legal Reforms

**Output:** Enhanced access and due process in administration of justice in Somalia

**PSG 3: Priorities:**
1. Key priority laws in the legal framework, including on the reorganization of the judiciary, are aligned with the Constitution and international standards
2. Justice Institutions start to address the key grievances and injustices of Somalis
3. More Somalis have access to fair and affordable justice.

**Lead Ministry:** Ministry of Justice/ Ministry of Constitutional Affairs/ Ministry of Women and Human Rights (on National Human rights Commission)

**Other Responsible Ministries:** FG Parliament, Judiciary, Attorney General, Office of the Prime Minister, Ministry of Women Affairs and Human Rights Development

**Partners:** UNDP, UN Joint Rule of Law Programme.

**Recommendations:**
(a) Sustain constitutional process to protect human rights & ensure compliance of laws to human rights

(b) Strengthen Judiciary in order to fight impunity by Militias and armed Groups

    And ensure due process and just administration of justice

(C) Establish De Jure Moratorium on death Penalty

(d) Legal reforms based on international human rights norms including on piracy

(e) Improving detention and detention conditions and reintegration of prisoners

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UPR Recom</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
<th>Timeline</th>
<th>Budget</th>
<th>Progress</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Review/contribute to draft bills and policies to ensure compliance with human rights standards including the bill to establish the Constitutional court not yet established; anticipated for 2015.</td>
<td>x x $41,200</td>
<td>Prisons law, Anti-Terror bill, HRC bill have incorporated</td>
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<tr>
<td>Timeline</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Progress</td>
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<tr>
<td>98.30 to 98.31</td>
<td>Human rights trainings for the Judiciary Military Tribunals and members of Bar Associations, Police and corrections in South Central region</td>
<td>No human rights training has been conducted</td>
<td>X X 32,800</td>
<td>some elements of human rights but still largely lacking</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98.63 - 98.69</td>
<td>Dialogue on Moratorium on Death Penalty; a) National dialogue and meetings on the application of death penalty including moratorium b) Establish a working Group on due process rights including Arbitrary detention.</td>
<td>No dialogue has started but focus is on the overall reforms in the justice sector</td>
<td>X X 25,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>118</td>
<td>Establish and train Human Rights units/desks in Prisons and Police to facilitate monitoring, advocacy against human rights violations in places of detention to ensure compliance to minimum standards especially for the treatment of prisoners.</td>
<td>No mechanism for monitoring human rights in places of detention</td>
<td>X 33,000</td>
<td>No Human Rights Desks have been established</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Develop a Legal Aid policy for indigent Somalis; (a) National Dialogue and drafting of the policy (b) Validation meeting (c) Other advocacy/preparatory meetings (d) Learning visits and trainings</td>
<td>No Legal Aid Policy in existence. Delivery of legal aid has been ad hoc and delivered by different people.</td>
<td>X X 100,000</td>
<td>Discussions have started but no draft legal Aid policy is in place</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Enact a Human Rights Commission bill that is in line with Paris principles</td>
<td>Draft law has been developed and is</td>
<td>X X 500,000</td>
<td>Bill referred back for review. This has given opportunity to</td>
<td></td>
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</table>
| 98.33 to 98.38 | a) National and Regional awareness workshop with ministries on NHRIs on Paris principles and international standards.  
   b) Workshops for Parliament committee on human rights and parliament  
   c) Establish the Independent Human rights Commission and support upcoming Federal State HRIs like the Human Rights Defender in Puntland  
   d) Build capacity of commissioners and staff of the commission once established and HRD in Puntland | currently before Parliament for enactment. Finalization of the law to move ahead with the other processes.  
   Establishment of the commission is subject to the adoption of the law. | incorporate comments earlier left out. |
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<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>732,000</strong></td>
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</table>
Thematic Area 2: Protection of Civilians and Compliance to IHL

Output(s): Enhanced protection of civilians with Security institutions respecting and protecting human rights and reduced civilian casualties during operations.

PSG 2: Priorities:

(1) Strengthen the capacity and accountability of state security institutions to recover territory, stabilize and provide basic safety and security. (2) Integrate security forces into federal institutions (3) Implement a national programme for the treatment and handling of disengaged combatants

Lead Ministry: Ministry of National Security/Ministry of Defense

Other Responsible: Ministries and Agencies: Ministry of Defense, NISA, SNA, Ministry of Justice, Ministry of Woman and Human Rights

Partners: UNSOM, UNDP, AMISOM, UNOPS, International and bilateral partners

Recommendations:

(a) In collaboration with AMISOM, issue clear orders and ensure that security forces and allied militia comply with IHL and take necessary measures to protect the lives of citizens.

(b) Provide training for the FG and AMISOM and law enforcement officers on human rights and humanitarian law

(c) Put in place a mechanisms for the protection of civilians including professionalization of institutions, making human rights and IHL an integral part of their training

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<th>Budget</th>
<th>Progress</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2015</td>
<td>2016</td>
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</table>
1. Develop a policy on Protection of Civilians, which can be easily monitored.
   a) Consultative workshop to be held in Mogadishu with participants from all regions
   b) Draft a National policy on the Protection of Civilians in compliance with IHL and human rights standards

   | Sub Total | $90,700 |

2. Conduct human rights and IHL trainings for security forces in Somalia;
   - At least all commanders undergo human rights and IHL specific trainings

   | SNA Trainings conducted for about 9,000 officers with UN support. | X | X | 17,000 |

3. Establish a monitoring mechanism within Government (Ministry of Defense and Ministry of National Security) and engage the commanders to closely monitor and take action on violations of IHL/HR in their in their areas of operations.

   | No deliberate monitoring mechanisms has been established | X | X | 12,500 |
### Thematic Area 3: Freedom of Expression, and Protection of Human Rights Defenders

**Output:** Media freedoms are enjoyed in Somalia responsibly without undue restrictions to ensure free access to information in the period building up to Vision 2016.

**PSG 1: Priorities:**
1. Advance inclusive political dialogue to clarify and settle relations between the federal government and existing and emerging administrations and initiate processes of social reconciliation to restore trust between communities
2. Prepare for and hold credible elections by 2016

**Lead Ministry:** Ministry of Information

**Other Responsible Ministries:** Parliament, Ministry of Justice, Ministry of Interior, Ministry of women and Human Rights

**Partners:** EU Human Rights Working Group, NUSOJ, UN (PIO + Human Rights)

**Recommendations:**
(a) Create a safe working environment for the journalists and (Human rights defenders) in co-operation with Somaliland, Puntland and other Administrative regions.

(b) Enact a law on media freedoms and establish an independent oversight Commission on media freedoms.

(c) Initiate public awareness campaigns on the right to freedom of expression and of the media in partnership with civil Society Organizations.

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<tr>
<th>UPR Recom</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
<th>Timeline</th>
<th>Budget</th>
<th>Progress</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Fast track the strategy/policy on freedoms of expression and of media.</td>
<td>Draft Policy has been developed but not passed, and it's part of the priorities and Milestones for the Ministry of Information in 2015/2016</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>39,300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Finalize enactment of a human rights based media law in order to foster free media practice and enhance freedom of expression.

a) Pre-legislative consultations on the media bill with all stakeholders
b) Organize advocacy meetings with parliamentary committees on information, human rights
c) Disseminate the media law

A draft law was developed in August 2014 but is still in parliament for enactment. There is however some concern that the draft media law is not compliant with human rights standards.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>98. 70</th>
<th>media practitioners</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>31,000</td>
<td>Draft law is not in line with human rights standards</td>
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<tr>
<th>Sub Total</th>
<th>$70,300</th>
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### Thematic Area 4: Rights of Children and Women, Gender Equality, and other Vulnerable Groups

**Output**: Vulnerable people, especially Children, Women and Minorities are protected and empowered to enjoy their human rights equally with men.

**PSG 1 Priority 1**: Advance inclusive political dialogue to clarify and settle relations between the FG and existing/emerging administrations and initiate processes of social reconciliation to restore trust between communities. **PSG 3 - Priority 1**: Key priority laws in the legal framework, are aligned with the Constitution and international standards. **PSG 3 - Priority 2**: Justice institutions start to address the key grievances and injustices of Somalis.

**Lead Ministry**: Ministry of Women Affairs and Human Rights Development

**Other Responsible Ministries**: All Ministries

**Partners**: OPM, Parliament (HRC), UNFPA, UNDP, UNICEF, WHO, WFP, OCHA, UNSOM, AMISOM, EU and INGOs

**Recommendations**: Ensure that non-discrimination and Equality are enshrined and implemented in national legislations adopted

- Review the constitution to ensure 30% Women representation in all levels of government (national, regional)
- Ratify CRC and its optional protocols and fast-track children's rights in national legislations
  - Adopt and implement action plans on the rights of children and the rights of women
- Take into account, in its efforts to promote and protect human rights, the specific needs of such vulnerable groups as children, women, PWDs and older persons, including measures against FGM
- Utmost efforts should be made to address issues affecting children, including poverty, the recruitment of under-age soldiers, and a lack of access to education
- Take concrete measures to ensure governing authorities are representative of all Somalis including women and minority groups

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<tr>
<th>UPR Recom</th>
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<th>Timeline</th>
<th>Budget</th>
<th>Progress</th>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2015</td>
<td>2016</td>
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</table>
| 98.121 -129 | Draft/enact legislation to ensure the participation of vulnerable groups in public life and to ensure that their rights are protected (Children, women, PWD, Minorities, elderly)  
  a) Initiate legislation to ensure participation and inclusion of vulnerable groups in public life (women, PWD and minorities).  
  b) Draft/enact a child’s rights law  
  c) Raise awareness on implementation of CRC  
  d) Build capacity of Parliament, parliament Human Rights Committee on human rights to enhance their skills on mainstreaming human rights in legislations  
  e) Build capacity of staff of the Ministry of Women and Human Rights and Human Rights organizations in human rights. | -CRC was ratified in 2014 and there is a lot of hope on progress on the rights of children.  
 -Programme on women political participation has been developed by the ministry | X | 50,000 | CRC Ratified |
| 98.121 -129 | Sign/ratify CEDAW and CRPD  
  a) Advocacy campaigns/workshops for the ratification of CEDAW and CRPD | Advocacy for ratification has started. | X | 18,400 |
| 98.121 -129 | Organize public awareness and advocacy campaigns in human rights including commemoration of international human rights days.  
  a) National and International Human Rights days  
  b) Media campaigns on human rights and inclusion/non discrimination | Public awareness campaigns in this area are going on mainly in an uncoordinated manner. | X | 36,800 |
| 98.54 | a) Implement the activities under the two action plans on CAAC (Use or Recruitment of Child soldiers and Maiming and Killing of children)  
  b) Implement activities under the Action plan on sexual violence in conflict | Action plans have been developed, but require dissemination/implementation. Refer to the Ministry’s plan on this. | X | - | Government should move to implement the action plans and Partners should support its implementation. |
| 98.21 – 29, 55/56/60 | a) Initiate amendments together with the Ministry of Justice on the Penal Code in order to criminalize the practice of FGM/C.  
(b) Establish/Strengthen coordination in the anti-FGM campaigns and activities. | FGM is widely practiced in most parts of the country. | X | X | 20,000 |
| 98.129/130/141 | Develop and implement policies, plans and programmes to promote Gender Equality in Somalia | There are ongoing initiatives to promote gender equality including the gender policy. State the existing plans here | X | - | |
| **Sub Total** |  |  |  |  | **$125,200** |
Thematic Area 5: Promotion of Economic and Social Rights

(Education)

Outputs: Polices and Legislations on education developed to ensure accessibility, availability, and acceptability to all including minorities, PWDs, regardless gender, social background with vulnerability status considered

- Equal and inclusive access to the delivery of education services to all children regardless of gender, social background and/or abilities and other children vulnerable to exclusion from and within education
- Adoption of a comprehensive National Education Curriculum

PSG 5: Priorities: (1) Enhance the productivity of high priority sectors and related value chains (2) Youth Employment (3) Natural resource management

Lead Ministry: Ministry of Education, Culture and Higher Education.


Partners: UNICEF, UNFPA, UNDP, WHO, WFP, Private Sector and Turkey, EU and USAID

Recommendations:

- Establish free and compulsory primary education (and ratify the Convention on the Rights of the Child and its Optional Protocols)
- Develop a national action plan on education
- Continue its efforts for educational opportunities, vocational training and income-generating opportunities
- Strengthen efforts to spread education, especially for women and children.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>UPR Recm</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
<th>Timeline</th>
<th>Budget</th>
<th>Progress</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>98.131</td>
<td>Undertake an assessment on basic primary education on access, availability and current status of Education.</td>
<td>No known needs assessment undertaken</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>55,000</td>
<td>2015 Action Plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98.131/134 98.134 98.138</td>
<td>National policy and law adopted/passed on technical, vocational and higher education. a) Stakeholders consultations</td>
<td>No policy on vocational education and draft bill on the</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>53,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Objective</td>
<td>Result</td>
<td>Cost</td>
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<td>98.138</td>
<td>b) Drafting and dissemination/create awareness of the policy and laws</td>
<td>basic education is before parliament</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>7,400</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
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<td>Implementation of the existing action plan as formulated by the MOE</td>
<td>An action plan on education and Gender education been formulated</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>40,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98.134 /6</td>
<td>a) Disseminate the existing Action Plan on Education and on Gender policy in education</td>
<td>Government lacks adequate resources to improve access to education</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>33,800</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>National and Regional Workshops on improving access to education for vulnerable groups (Nomads and minority groups)</td>
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<tr>
<td>98.137</td>
<td>Strategic workshops and advocacy campaigns on the role of religious and traditional leaders in advancing the right to education, particularly the education of the girl child in the country</td>
<td>Low awareness/recognition of the value girls education related to cultural and religious factors</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Sub Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>189,200</td>
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</table>
(HEALTH)

Outputs: a) Improved delivery of equitable, accessible, and affordable health services to the people and its extension to rural and recovered areas
   b) Increased demand for, access to and utilization of equitable, improved reproductive, maternal and neonatal health services

PSG 5: Priorities: (1) Increase the provision of equitable, accessible, and affordable social services by creating a regulatory environment that promotes decentralized delivery and prioritizes key investments that extend and increase access to services
Lead Ministry: Ministry of Health

Partners: UNICEF, UNFPA, WHO, WFP, OCHA, INGOs

Recommendations:

- Accelerate efforts to ensure economic and social rights;
- Strive to obtain additional assistance from the relevant international institutions in order to confront the problem of poverty and unemployment in the country;
- Take additional measures in order to provide for the basic needs of the population and to ensure economic, social and cultural rights, with the assistance of international donors and the relevant international organizations;
- Seek assistance for the immediate implementation, by the international community, of Security Council resolution 1964 (2010) so as to create means for the delivery of basic social services to the population;

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>Budget</th>
<th>Progress</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Undertake a country-wide needs assessment, including on maternal mortality with relevant line ministries and government coordination bodies</td>
<td>Ministry of health has conducted an assessment on maternal mortality.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>55,000</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Key legislation on delivery of basic primary health care services passed</td>
<td>What legislations require to be passed</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>27,800</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Establish accessible and affordable mobile health teams to reach out to the rural populations to enhance access</td>
<td>Ministry of Health is implementing Mobile health teams</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Awareness raising, Training and advocacy on human rights for health professionals and health systems users including reproductive health.</td>
<td>Inadequate knowledge on the right to health and low attitude among health care providers, low level of health awareness, cultural beliefs and norms</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>21,600</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) Conduct advocacy campaigns at all levels especially among community and religious leaders and commemorate relevant international events such as the Zero Tolerance to FGM/C midwifery, obstetric Fistula, etc. b) Finalize and adopt the anti FGM policy in 2015 c) Draft and finalize anti-FGM bill in 2015</td>
<td>International events are being observed and ongoing anti FGM campaigns. Ministry of Women and Human Rights has drafted Anti-FGM policy. Discussions have been initiated on drafting the bill.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Put in place and facilitate referral and counter referral systems for pregnant women between the communities and referral health facilities</td>
<td>Weak referral mechanism or non in some places</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Awareness campaigns including dissemination of IEC materials on rights to accessible reproductive health rights.</td>
<td>Limited awareness campaigns on reproductive rights</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>17,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sub Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$191,400</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(WATER AND SANITATION)

Output: Improved access to equitable and affordable Water in the country
Lead Ministry: Ministry of Water and Energy

Other Responsibilities: Health, Planning, Finance, Education

Partners: OPM, UNICEF, UNFPA, UNDP, WHO, INGOs

Recommendations:

- Accelerate efforts to ensure economic and social rights;
- Strive to obtain additional assistance from the relevant international institutions in order to confront the problem of poverty and unemployment in the country;
- Take additional measures in order to provide for the basic needs of the population and to ensure economic, social and cultural rights, with the assistance of international donors and the relevant international organizations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UPR Recom</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
<th>Timeline</th>
<th>Budget</th>
<th>Progress</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>98.131</td>
<td>Undertake needs assessment on access to water by vulnerable communities (IDPs)</td>
<td>Is there any law at all on water work)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98.51 / 131</td>
<td>Draft a legislation for the protection of water and water users (Water Bill), including on the supply, delivery, storage, diversion, treatment, operation, maintenance, etc.</td>
<td>No policy in place</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>53,200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98.51/ 131</td>
<td>National consultation to develop and adopt a national policy on rights to water that gives priority in water and sewage management</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>57,850</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$161,050</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Output: Improved food access and affordability for all including the most vulnerable population in Somalia and enhance food security.

PSG 5: Priorities: (1) *Increase the provision of equitable, accessible, and affordable social services by creating a regulatory environment that promotes decentralized delivery and prioritizes key investments that extend and increase access*

Lead Ministry: Ministry of Agriculture

Other Responsible Ministries: Planning, Finance, Education, Health, Ministry of Justice

Partners: OPM, National Civil Service Commission, FAO, UNICEF, UNFPA, UNDP, WHO, WFP, OCHA

Recommendations:

- Accelerate efforts to ensure economic and social rights;
- Strive to obtain additional assistance from the relevant international institutions in order to confront the problem of poverty and unemployment in the country;
- Take additional measures in order to provide for the basic needs of the population and to ensure economic, social and cultural rights, with the assistance of international donors and the relevant international organizations;
- Continue implementing programmes and measures to improve the enjoyment of the rights to food, education and health, including in the search for the promotion of these rights in the areas that are not under control of the TFG.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Progress</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 98.131    | a) Undertake assessment on food security with relevant line ministries and government coordination bodies to fill gaps on available information  
b) Commission a study on land rights to inform reforms on land | Bi annual/Country wide seasonal Food Security and nutrition assessments are carried out by Food Security & Nutrition Assessment Unit | X | 63,000 |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Issues</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>98.51</td>
<td>Enact appropriate legislations on food security and land reforms</td>
<td>No clear legal framework, made more complex with the application of Sharia and customary laws</td>
<td>44,300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 98.51/ 131 | Strengthen mechanisms for analyzing and resolving land and property disputes  
 a) Build capacity of traditional and customary institutions on land rights | Many land disputes are left to informal dispute resolutions                                                       | 23,000 |
| 98.131 / 134 | a) Conduct nationwide workshop for adoption of a national Food Security Strategy and policy on Access to Food etc.  
 b) Adopt a National policy on access to food | Policy and regulatory frameworks non-existent More work on baseline                                                 | 54,800 |
| 98.131   | Draft a Public Nutrition Policy and strategy and advocate for a holistic approach to nutrition                                                       | X                                                                                                               | 51,000 |
| 98.131/ 134 | Review existing strategies and programme implementation to address food and nutritional needs of the rural and most vulnerable populations.     | X                                                                                                               | 17,000 |

**Sub Total**  
$253,100
**LABOUR**

Output: Promote inclusive engagement of the population in productive activities, especially the youth and women so as to generate employment and combat poverty.

PSG 5: Priorities: *Increase the provision of equitable, accessible, and affordable social services by creating a regulatory environment that promotes decentralized delivery and prioritizes key investments that extend and increase access to services*

Lead Ministry: Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs
Other Ministries/Agencies: Ministry of Planning, Finance, Ministry of Justice, Women and Human Rights, and Foreign Affairs, National Civil Service Commission, Parliamentary Committee on Labor.
Partners: OPM, ILO, UNDP, INGOs

**Recommendations:**
- Adopt specific legislative measures for the implementation of the right to work.
- Establish national mechanisms to monitor implementation of employment strategies and national plans of action.
- Adopt a national strategy, based on human rights principles aimed at progressively ensuring full employment for all.
- Regulate both the private and public sectors reflect an awareness of the right to work in their activities.
- Adopt administrative measures, codes of conduct and other appropriate measures promoting respect for the right to work.
- Empower courts to adjudicate labor issues
- Take additional measures in order to provide for the basic needs of the population and to ensure economic, social and cultural rights, with the assistance of international donors and the relevant international organizations;

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>98.131</td>
<td>Conduct a comprehensive Labor Force Survey (LFS) / needs assessment with relevant line ministries and government coordination bodies</td>
<td>UNDP and ILO have Programmes to support this</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 98.51     | a) Support the development of Legislations and policies compliant with human rights  
b) Support the establishment of regulatory bodies to regulate employment and labor relations. | | X | X | 35,400 |
<p>| 98.51/131 | National consultation to develop a national strategy and Action Plan for realization of full employment for all | The industrial policy is in draft | X | X | 35,000 |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project ID</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Details</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>98.131/133</td>
<td>Finalization and implementation of Concept Note on Joint GFS – UN Programme on Youth Employment</td>
<td>It has been developed and endorsed by the SDRF in 2014. It remains to be implemented.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>UNDP and ILO are supporting ministry of Labor to implement it</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Develop social protection policy and raise awareness on social protection.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$120,400</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Thematic Area 6:  Rights of Refugees and IDPs and other Vulnerable Groups

Output: Refugees, IDPs return, Repatriated and are reintegrated peacefully and in secure society

PSG 5- Priority 1: Increase the provision of equitable, accessible, and affordable social services by creating a regulatory environment that promotes decentralized delivery and prioritizes key investments that extend and increase access to services

Lead Ministry: Ministry of Interior and Federalism

Other Responsible Ministries: MONS, MOWHRD, MOJ, MOFA, MOLSA

Partners: OPM, UNHCR, WFP, UNDP, IOM, WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, ILO and other humanitarian actors

Recommendations:

- Take the necessary steps to improve the situation of internally displaced persons in order to protect their most basic human rights;
- Improve the living conditions and safety situation of Refugees and IDPs in settlements, to strengthen their protection, particularly of women and girls from sexual violence, including granting IDPs unhindered access to humanitarian assistance;
- Work together with humanitarian and development actors to improve the living conditions and safety of IDPs, and strengthen the protection of women and girls from rape and domestic violence including for returning refugees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>98. 133 / 140</td>
<td>Finalize the draft legislation for the repatriation, return and reinsertion of refugees and IDPs into their communities. a) Dissemination of the IDP Policy including in the regions(Workshops on the IDP Policy including in the regions) b) Develop a strategy to implement the IDP policy in Somalia</td>
<td>The IDP policy was adopted by the FGS in 2014. Dissemination of the policy will be key for its effective implementation.</td>
<td>2015</td>
<td>2016</td>
<td>59,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Status</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>Amount</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>98.140 – 142</td>
<td>(a) Monitoring and reporting on repatriation of refugees to Somalia in line with human rights standards and principles. (b) Establish/strengthen a mechanism of boarder control measures to ensure respect and protection of human rights of the returnees and their rights and freedom of movement inside Somalia.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>28,600</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98.140 – 142</td>
<td>Support the establishment of practical administrative guidelines for the protection of refugees in the country.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98.59/140</td>
<td>Coordination of ongoing programmes/projects that support the achievement of durable solutions for IDPs and the return and reintegration assistance for refugees. Establishing a specific group within the protection cluster on refugees and IDPs. Durable solution assessment conducted.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>36,450</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sub Total: $136,050

Grand Total: $1,933,350