II. MATERIALISMS OR DETERMININATION IN THE NATURE OF REASONING

The question of materialism or determinism in the nature of reasoning has been a subject of much debate and discussion. The concept of materialism in reasoning is essentially the idea that the nature of our thoughts and concepts is fundamentally determined by the material or physical world. This perspective suggests that our thoughts and ideas are shaped by the experiences and conditions of our physical environment. On the other hand, determinism in reasoning implies that all events, including our thoughts and actions, are predetermined by previous events and by the laws of nature. This perspective suggests that there is no free will or choice, as everything we do is a result of prior causes.

In contrast, the concept of idealism in reasoning suggests that the nature of our thoughts and ideas is not determined by the material world. Instead, it is argued that our thoughts and ideas are products of our own minds and experiences, and are not necessarily tied to the physical world. This perspective emphasizes the role of subjective experience and the power of the mind in shaping our understanding of the world.

The debate between materialism and determinism in reasoning continues to be an important issue in philosophy, as it touches on fundamental questions about the nature of reality and the limits of human knowledge. Despite the differences in perspective, both materialism and determinism have contributed valuable insights into the nature of reasoning and the role of the mind in understanding the world.