

- a) The existence of, or progress in, the creation of a national femicide watch and/or observatory on violence against women, or any plans to do so.

The Palestinian National Observatory of Violence Against Women is the group of national “governmental and civil society” institutions that receives cases of societal violence against women. It consists of the head of the observatory, which is the Ministry of Women’s Affairs, and the members of institutions that receive cases of community violence against women in all forms. The National Observatory is not an independent body, or an observatory added to the existing observatories, or a substitute or duplicate for any of the operating observatories. Rather, it brings together all the observatories that are operating under the framework of the National Observatory according to a clear methodology and mechanism of work.

The observatory is a national program for documentation, study, analysis and foresight for policies and planning, for monitoring, follow-up and for everything related to the phenomenon of violence against women in the State of Palestine. It collects and analyzes data, statistics and information, it implements studies, working papers, and field surveys in everything related to violence against women, it also works on processing data and information after standardizing measurement tools to suit publishing and comparison requirements.

The observatory is considered as an essential tool for policies and decision-making for research centers and researchers, and for all human rights and feminist institutions. It is possible to identify the extent of change in violence against women on a regular basis through the process of monitoring and following up the produced indicators and information. In light of the comprehensive development process led by the Palestinian government building institutions, drawing policies and building national strategic plans, the observatory will constitute as a base for the inclusion of all Palestinian women's human rights needs related to violence and protection in the development process, and it will be the primary guarantor for monitoring human rights violations against women’s rights, and working to integrate them.

- b) Other measures or research and studies undertaken to prevent femicide or gender related killings of women, or homicide of women, by intimate partners or family members.

ICHR is a member in all gender-based violence case conferences in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, along with the Ministry of Social Development, Attorney General Office and other security agencies. In order to discuss measures of protection and assess the rate of danger facing the victims of GBV, in addition to participating in decision making related to the cases.

- c) Information on the results of analysis of femicide cases, including the review of previous court cases and actions undertaken in this respect.

Not available

- d) Administrative data (by numbers and percentage) on homicide/femicide or gender-related killings of women for the last 3 years (2018-2020), disaggregated as follows:

Year	Total number of homicides of women	Total number homicide/femicide of women/ killed by intimate partners	Total number homicide /femicide of women/ killed by a family member	Other gender related killings of women by unrelated perpetrator
2018	22	1	1	20
2019	18	1	10	7
2020	13	3	4	6

