SUMMARY

Hmong Indigenous People Vs Lao PDR Government

Our Hmong Indigenous People in the 1960s and 70s fought alongside with US forces when the Vietnam War spilled into Laos. After the war ended in 1975, the communist government regime allegedly targeted our Hmong for working with the United States during the war.

The Lao PDR waging secret war against our Hmong Indigenous people and committed mass atrocities, war crimes, and genocides in central Laos. This war is both genocide and attrition.

The killing began on May 18, 1975 where thousand of families and children traveled from northern into the valley of Hinherb, Namlik Bridge, the first mass genocide began and thousands of these families and children died there.

As a result, President Zong Zoua Her led our Hmong Indigenous fled into the jungles taken refuge and formed the Resistance Party to stand for their freedom. They had no outsider supports.

The Xaysombun Special Zone was classified as the restricted zone for those killing purposes.

The Hmong Indigenous people and the Lao people are totally two different nations. Hmong has its own religion, written and spoken language, national flag, and culture.

Since 1975 to the present time, deaths of civilians estimated by Chong Lor Her at 250,000 and continue.

The racial genocides of our Hmong Indigenous people are comparable to the holocaust of the Jewish, and Cambodia. The first in history, to be living in the jungle, and survive by eating tree roots for over 30 years.

Our Hmong Indigenous found that the responded on the CERD questions paragraph 21 and 22 from the Lao PDR government even more fabricating and exaggerating damaging the state party credibility and credential on their sides. Laos continues to evade international scrutiny of its human rights record, which ranks amongst the most repressive in Asia¹

¹ United Nations Economic and Social Council "question of the violation of human rights and fundamental freedoms in any part of the world" submitted by the South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre (SAHRDC), a non-governmental organization in special consultative status (31 January 2004).

The truth to the matter is the Lao PDR continued refused international communities access to the Hmong refuge locations in the Xaysombun Special Zone, Phou Bia area.

The Lao PDR government has classified our people as "bandits" after ChaoFa so that they again could legally continue killing our Hmong Indigenous people. They used roads, rural development, poppy reduction conspiracy tactic that accompany by soldiers wearing civilian clothes hiding their identities so that they could kill us without traces in the remote regions at the Xaysombun Special Zone.

Recently, we have received a copy of the Lao PDR secret plan of how they would eliminate our Hmong people (still in translation in process).

They murder our people inhuman ways: they rapped our daughters and sisters, they have used bamboo sticks puncher from their growing through their mouths, they grabbed our children's feet and swung into trees, they put our children's heads in between tree gaps and left there to die, they capture our people put them into a cave and deployed chemical poisons-warhead killing all at Bounblong Mountains cave (Lima Site 32).

They illegally trafficking our Hmong young girls from Thailand into Laos on 11/5/2005 and nowhere to be found to this date. Some had been returned to their parents bearing scars of sex slave.

Our Hmong Indigenous Resistance Defense Secretary, Mr. Mai Her was captured on August 25, 2007 and he, nowhere to be heard or found.

They have cultivated and destroyed our foods; they plant landmines into our farms, roads, pathways, and using chemical warfare poisoning our people.

The Lao PDR government is a state party to some of the core international human rights treaties: the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (ICERD), the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW) and the Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC). In Dec. 7, 2000 Laos signed the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) and ratified on 29 September 2009. On February 13, 2007 Laos has ratified the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR). Laos is also a party to the main international humanitarian law treaties (the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and their Additional Protocols of 1977).

In 2007 Thamkabock, Thailand

Hmong graves desecration was a violation of social, cultural and religion rights of the Hmong people.

In 2009, the Lao PDR has used helicopter sprayed chemical poisons to our people

- 1. (Mid January 2009 chemical poisons deployed shell # 703, 702 2375, 703 198, 703 0000, 703 698;
- 2. 2/15/09 Spray Chemical Poisons
- 3. 6/10/09 2 PM Helicopter Spray Chemical Poisons
- 4. 7/22/09 Helicopter Spray Chemical Poisons
- 5. 8/10/09 Helicopter Spray Chemical Poisons
- 6. 8/15/09 Helicopter Spray Chemical Poisons
- 7. 9/26/09 Helicopter Spray Chemical Poisons
- 8. 10/15/09 Helicopter Spray Chemical Poisons

2009 attack

- 1. 3/6/2009 at 10 PM Phou Bia Mountain
- 2. 3/10/2009 Phou Bia Mountain
- 3. 3/14/2009 Phou Bia Mountain
- 4. 9/5/2009 3:30 PM Phou Bia Mountain
- 5. 10/29/2009 at Moung Cha, Phou Bia Mountain

The current refuge camps at Huay Nam Khao, Detention Center in Nong Khai, and Loburi, Thailand are witness the on going conflict between Hmong and Lao PDR government that ethnic war in Laos is yet to be over. The term "Economic Migrants" as labeled is to hiding their trace of war crimes against humanity.

It is a long over due that the Lao PDR continues denied access for the Independence Expert on Minority and the Country Rapporteur to visit the location where the Hmong are taking refuge and conflict zone. The Lao PDR government has hided their footprints and using other tactics to their advantage killing of the Hmong Indigenous so that international communities have no way of discover.

The Xaysombun Special Zone is a Restricted Zone. It is clear that this zone is a war zone, the zone of the Hmong Indigenous Territories.

Hmong Indigenous people had died enough for their freedom and it is time to find a solution, a solution that will bring peace and equality to both nations

Lao has continued denied and violate Hmong Indigenous Economic, social and culture rights and denied access for the Independent Export on Minority and the Special Rapportuer to visit the country when the Hmong Indigenous Resistance are taking refuge.

Our Hmong Indigenous asks the United Nations Secretary-General and the Security Council to recognize the Hmong people economic, social and cultural rights and the right to self-determination.

Note: See Attached exhibits of Hmong genocide by the Lao PDR

WARNING

GRAPHIC PHOTOS



Photo Courtesy: ENVOYE SPECIAL by French Journalist

Exhibit 1

The 14 Years old boy was shot by the Lao PDR while searching for food (Name not provided for safety)

Date: 6/17/2005



Photo Courtesy: Fact Finding Commission

Exhibit 2

Name: Moua Cha, died from Chemical Poison

Date: 9/5/2005



Photo Courtesy: Fact Finding Commission

Exhibit 3

A child died from Chemical Poison

Date: 8/22/2002



Exhibit 4

Child died from poison

Date: 9/16/2002 at 4:46 PM Lao time.





Photo Courtesy: Fact Finding Commission

Exhibit 5

She was with her peer on the day they were searching for foods and the Lao PDR Soldiers shot her at her knee, she escaped from the scene to the village and notified.

Date: 5/19/2004

Her name not disclosed for her safety.



Another girls was shot at the same day

Name: Mao Lee 14 years

old



Photo Courtesy: Fact Finding Commission

Exhibit 6

This young girl when out searching for foods they got raped, stabbed, and killed by the Lao PDR

Name: Pang Lor 15 years old

Date: 5/19/2004 at 12:34:04 PM Lao time





Photo Courtesy: Fact Finding Commission

Exhibit 7

She was shot and torture with her peer at the same day on May 19, 2004

Name: Chi Her 14 years old



Exhibit 8

She was shot with her peer on May 19, 2004

Name: Chao Lee 16 years old



Photo Courtesy: Fact Finding Commission

Exhibit 9

This Young boy when out searching for food with the girls and the Lao PDR shot him at point blank or perhaps, stabbed.

Name: Tou Lor Date: 5/19/2004



Exhibit 10

This boy eyes are blind and closed due to chemical poisoning.

Date: 4/9/2006

Name: Ge Vang





Photo Courtesy by: Fact Finding Commission (closed photo)

Exhibit 11

This young man when out searching for foods and was shot by the Lao PDR wounded on his left arms.

Name: Long Chia Ge Date: 4/12/2006





Exhibit 12

This lady when out searching for food and she was shot at her leg by the Lao PDR soldier

Name: Ia Her

Date: 9/19/2005





Photo Courtesy: Fact Finding Commission

Exhibit 13

Boy was shot bullet cut through his stomach skin intestines over flow he later died.

Name: Pao Choua Date: 4/12/2006





Lao PDR Helicopter delivered soldiers to the Mount Phou Bia area. This photo was taken as the Helicopter is just lift off from the ground of the Army Base.



Exhibit 15

This landmine was spot on near refuge location at Mount Phou Bia. The Lao PDR Soldiers set up this landmine.

Date: 12/23/2002



Mr. Yang Toua Thao, Regional Leader and his son were shot at close range near his refuge location on 3/14/2007

Exhibit 16







Yang Toua Thao Son

Died on 3/14/07

Exhibit 17





Lao PDR Helicopter just lifts off from the Army Base at Mount Phou Bia close by the area of Yang Toua Thao location where they were shot.

Exhibit 18





This gentleman when on searching for food and he was shot on both legs.

Date: 6/17/2007



Photo sent by inside

Exhibit 19







Lao PDR invaded their refuge territory and Mr. Chi Nou Vue was killed at the scene.

Date: 8/12/2009

Exhibit 20



The Lao PDR again came back at the Refuge Territory rampage on the group wounded Mr.

Date: 7/13/2009



The Lao PDR again came back at the Refuge Territory rampage on the group wounded Mrs. Shoua Vang

Date: 7/13/2009